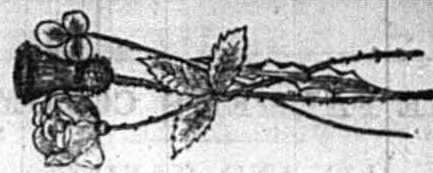




# THE COLONIST.



Vol. II.

Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1887.

Single Copies—One Cent.

No. 165

## BY TELEGRAPH. AFFAIRS IN FRANCE

Churchill Supports Land Bill.

ONE AMENDMENT REJECTED.

JNO. BRIGHT'S LETTER.

HALIFAX, July 27.

"The Law" of Paris promises to publish the names of eighty-four generals who are pledged to support Boulanger's *coup d'état*.

Churchill supports Parnell's policy of the land bill. The government has accepted several amendments to the bill. One amendment moved by Parnell and supported by Churchill was rejected by a vote of 212 to 150.

John Bright writes a letter disapproving of the proposed commercial union between Canada and the United States.

## CAPE RACE DESPATCH.

CAPE RACE, to-day.

Wind S.E., fresh and cloudy. A steamer went inward at 1.15 a.m., and barqt. Rosina went west at 8 a.m., this morning.

## OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction of shares..... W H Mare, Son & Co  
Auction—one young mare..... Dryer & Greene  
Fresh Sydney coal..... J M Stirling  
Little Glacebay coal..... John Woods & Son  
Money wanted..... Winter & Morison  
The Gordon-house..... see advertisement  
Refreshments, &c..... D McRea  
Meeting notice..... T A B Boat Club  
Meeting notice..... T A B Library Com.

## AUCTION SALES.

To-morrow (THURSDAY), at One o'clock,  
—IN THE—

## COMMERCIAL SALE ROOM

10 SHARES  
in the Union Bank of Newfoundland.

10 SHARES  
in the Commercial Bank of Newfoundland.

W. H. MARE, SON & CO.,  
Brokers.

On SATURDAY next, at 12 o'clock,

## BY DRYER & GREENE

1 Handsome Mare,

GENTLE IN SADDLE OR HARNESS.

jy27,3ifp

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## COAL! COAL!

East-End-Coal-Depot.

ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST.

Now Landing, at the Wharf of

## JOHN WOODS & SON.

Ex "Zanoni,"

450 Tons Little Glace Bay Coal,

A rare chance to get this quality of Coal.

Sent home while discharging at 19¢ per ton.

jy27,2ifp

## WANTED--ON GOOD SECURITY.

The following Amounts:

\$1400.00

\$800.00

\$400.00

\$400.00

and \$280.00

Apply to

## WINTER & MORISON.

jy27,3ifp,w,f,m

## D.W. McREA

WE BELIEVE IN THE

BEST HOUSE IN TOWN!

to spend a pleasant evening, and are prepared  
—to give all kinds of—

## REFRESHMENTS

at the shortest notice, and all games of amuse-  
ments free. jy27,3ifp

## NOTICE.

MEMBERS OF THE T. A. BOAT  
Club are requested to meet on this Wed-  
nesday evening, at eight o'clock sharp. A full  
and punctual attendance is requested. jy27

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## SYDNEY COAL.

'Now Landing, at the Wharf of

## R. O'DWYER,

A CARGO OF—

Bright, Round Sydney Coal,

FRESH FROM THE PIT.

Sent home at Lowest Rates while discharging.

jy27,4i,aug2,9,16,pd

## J. M. STIRLING.

Gordon House.

No. 87, WATER STREET,

St. John's, Newfoundland.

## MRS. WILLIAM GAZE

(Of London, England), Proprietor.

This House, formerly in the occupancy of

the late J. C. TOUSSAINT, Esq., has been recently

thoroughly repaired and refitted, and now contains

all the modern appliances and comforts of a first-

class English home, providing excellent accom-

modation for—

PERMANENT & TRANSIENT BOARDERS

Terms Moderate.

jy27,1m,eod

## NOTICE.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE T.

A. & B. Society's R. R. & L. Committee

will be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

jy27.

## Allan - Line!

DIRECT STEAM FROM LONDON.

THE S.S. "LUCERNE" WILL SAIL

from London for this port on AUGUST 11th.

For FREIGHT apply to

ALLAN BROS. & CO., London,

or here to SHEA & CO., Agents.

july19,1wfp

## TO BE LET

From the 1st of July next, the Premises

known as

## 'MUDGE'S'

Situate on South-side St. John's harbor,

(near the dry dock.) Has large wharfage space

and storage-room, and is in every way suitable for

the general business of the country.

For particulars apply to

Edgar R. Bowring.

jy24tf

## Post Office Notice.

After this date

## NEWSPAPERS

will not be received at the Central office. They

must be posted in future at the General Post

office. Letters and Circulars will be posted

at the Central Office and registered when required.

J. O. FRASER,

GENERAL POST OFFICE,  
St. John's, 2nd July, 1887. fp,tf P.M.G.

ST. JOHN'S

## LIVERY & BOARDING STABLES,

No. 8, CAREW STREET,

Nearly opposite Colonial Building.]

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS

opportunity of thanking his friends and

customers for their liberal patronage extended to

him since commencing business in St. John's, and

would beg to remind them that he keeps constantly

on hand, to hire at the shortest notice, and lowest

rates:—

Covered and open Buggies (seat two).

Covered and open Carriages (seat four)

Waggonettes, suitable for picnics or

fishing excursions (seat six)

The above can be had with or without

drivers.

Brougham, for weddings and driving

to evening parties.

Ample boarding accommodation for

horses.

Telephonic connection with all parts of the

city and suburbs.

Telephone at M. G. LASH'S, No. 303 Water-st.,

where orders are received and will be promptly

attended to.

Stables open at all hours—day and night.

HENRY BLATCH,

Proprietor.

may27,2m,2iw,tu,fr

## Jubilee Notice.

GENTLEMEN desirous of procuring

a Stylish Hair-cut, an easy shave, or a re-

freshing Shampoo, can procure the same at the

Saloon of E. P. DRYER, Hair-dresser, 64

George's-street. Also, Highly-Perfumed Hair

Oil and Pimple Wash for sale. Prices: 5, 10 and

15 cents. jy19,1wfp

## New Advertisements.

## REGATTA! REGATTA!

Just in Time—per Hebe from Glasgow and Portia from New York,

## ONE TON CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

Every Variety.

CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.

J. W. FORAN.

Grand - Drawing - of - Prizes

(FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONVENT, HARBOR BRITON.)

Will take place on the 26th December, 1887.

Prize 1—A 20-Dollar Note—gift of a friend.

Prize 2—A China Tea Set.

Prize 3—A Silver Fish Knife, Fork and

Case—gift of a friend.

Prize 4—A Handsome Coal Vase.

Prize 5—A Silver Butter Cooler—gift of

a friend.

Also, a number of other valuable and useful prizes.

Tickets: - - - - - One Shilling each.

\*A complimentary ticket will be presented to purchasers or sellers of twenty tickets.

Winning numbers will be published in the DAILY COLONIST.

une27,fp,tf

## Standard Marble Works.

287, New Gower Street, St. John's, Newfoundland.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent stock

—OF—

HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELPICES, &c

At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee

solid stock and the best of workmanship. Outport orders solicited.

Designs cheerfully furnished by letter or otherwise.

ap20,3m,fp,w&cs

JAMES MCINTYRE.

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

## GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until

Noon on THURSDAY, the 15th day of

SEPTEMBER next for suitable

## STEAMERS,

plying between a Port in the United Kingdom

and a Port in North America, North of Cape

Henry, to call at St. John's, Newfoundland, for-

nightly, with and for Mails and Passengers. To

make Twenty Round Trips per annum between

April and the end of January in each year. The

Service to begin in April, 1888, and to continue

for Five Years.

Passage and Freight Rates, and accommodation

for Passengers, to be subject to the approval of

the Government.

Tenders to specify the rate for each Trip East

and West, at which the Service will be performed.

TENDERS will also be received for the per-

formance of a

## Fortnightly Winter Mail Service,

(Say Seven Round Trips),

between St. John's and Halifax, commencing in

January, 1888. The Boat for this service must be

about 750 Tons measurement, fitted to contend

with field ice, speed to be not less than 12 knots.

Tenders to specify rate for each fortnightly trip.

Further information may be obtained on

application at this office.

M. FENELON,

Colonial Sec'y.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

St. John's, Nfld., 12th May, 2i,w1887.

## IMPORTANT.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE

to inform the Musical Public of St. John's,

that he intends remaining for a short time in the

City, and is prepared to execute all orders en-

trusted to him for PIANOFORTE and ORGAN

repairing, polishing and regulating. Every de-

scription of work in that line promptly attended

to. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charge.

Orders can be left at the COLONIST office

CHAS. A. LEVERMAN.

N.B.—No charge for examining an instrument.

jy19,3i,2w,fp

## TO BE LET.

## THE HOUSE

—AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY—

Sir Ambrose Shea.

Apply to SHEA & CO.

jy19,fp,tf

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## Notice to Farmers.

Scythes! - Scythes!

GRASS HOOKS,

HAY RAKES.

Snaths, Scythes,

HAY FORKS, ETC.

—AT THE—

Arcade - Hardware - Store.

M. MONROE.

july22,1w,fp

## HATS and CAPS

ex steamship Nova Scotian from Liverpool.

The Cheapest line of Mens' Black Hard Felt Hats

ever shown in Newfoundland, is now offered for sale by

C KNOWLING,

Late P. Hutchins.

july23,1f,fp

## Brinkmann

Celebrated Oxford-St. (London) Tailor,

Leaves for St. John's on the 2nd August, he will

—exhibit a large variety of—

## Autumn Patterns and Novelties!

from which the latest styles and colors

may be selected.

july23,3ifp,s,t,h

## FOR SALE.

## The Horses, Carriages, Sleighs,

ROBES, &c., &c.

—BELONGING TO—

## SIR AMBROSE SHEA.

Apply to SHEA & CO.

jy18,fp,tf

## ALLAN LINE.

Direct Steam from Glasgow.

THE S.S. AUSTRIAN will sail from

GLASGOW for this Port on Wednesday

August 17th. For FREIGHT apply to

J. & A. ALLAN, Glasgow,

or here to SHEA & CO., Agents.

jy19,1w,fp

## DR. BENNET'S OFFICE,

(308, Water Street.)

Open from 9 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p.m.

mar,tf



## THE FARMER'S COLUMN.

## HAY AND HAYING.

Hay is dried grass, but the quantity and quality of hay made from a given area of land will depend upon the stage in the growth of the grass when it is converted into hay and the manner of conversion. The period in the growth of the grass when it will make the most good, palatable, nutritious hay is, by common agreement, when it has attained full growth, before much of its sugar and starch have been converted into woody fiber.

Now it is quite easy to determine when any single plant, in a meadow, has reached its greatest development, when its branches and leaves are still green and juicy, and when the buds have all formed and opened into bloom. Then it would seem that the roots cease to absorb much more nutriment from the stalks into the leaves and into the heads, forming seeds, and the cells in the stalks and branches harden into woody fiber. Perhaps, when the seeds are fully developed the entire plant would show, by chemical analysis, quite as much nutritious matter in plant and seeds as would the plant, before the seeds are formed, but the hardened stalks and, very likely, the hardened seeds would be, to a great extent, indigestible by the digestive organs of the animals. Even were it practicable to secure all the leaves and seeds, it is quite probable that animals would be unable to extract as much nutriment from hay made from it at that mature stage.

Farmers know very well, however, that it is impossible to cut a meadow when all the plants are in the best condition, the best stage of development. The plants do not always start into growth at the same time and move forward with equal rapidity. New plants are starting from seeds dropped from the previous haying or, owing to unfavorable conditions, was late in germinating, and, also, from new stools. We always expect old meadows to continue to thicken at the bottom, until near haying time. Of course, under such conditions, some plants will be in the bloom while others are less than half grown, so that it will generally be advisable to allow the earlier blooming plants to go to seed that the latter plants may more nearly attain their full growth. A great deal of good, common sense should be called into exercise by the farmer to determine just when the grass is in condition to yield the greatest amount of digestible, nutritious fodder.

Then, again, the time of cutting must depend a great deal upon the state of the weather. If, when the grass is in the stage of development that will cut the greatest quantity of digestible, nutritious hay, the weather is lowering, or rainy, it will be better to defer cutting until the weather is more settled, even though the crop of hay should be reduced in quantity or quality, by postponement. There is too much risk of the hay spoiling or, at least, deteriorating in quality, to attempt to cure it when the weather is unsettled. To undertake to dry out a quantity of rain water in addition to the excess of water in the juices of the grass, is impolitic.

When the weather is favorable there are several methods pursued by good farmers in cutting and curing hay. One good way is to cut with machine after the dew is off, allow it to wilt through the heat of the day, and rake and put in small cocks before night. Let it heat and sweat until just before noon of the next day, then open the cocks, spreading the hay a little, so as to expose the bottom and inside to the air two or three hours, when it is ready to go into the barn. Others would prefer allowing the hay to remain and sweat in the cocks until the second day. One great object in cocking the hay a few hours after it is mown, is to prevent the leaves and finer branches from becoming so dry as to crumble and drop off. Some would expedite the curing still more by setting the tedder to work after the mower, stirring the grass continually until towards night, and then draw it in.

Another good way is to cut the grass in the latter part of the day, let it lie over night, so that the dew will fall upon the green grass. After the dew is off the next day, if the grass is very heavy, turn it and let it dry a little on the other side, put it into small cocks and let it sweat over night, turn over the cocks in the middle of the next day, spreading a little, and then draw in before night. By any of these methods, the grass will generally cure, so as to retain its green color, making very palatable, nutritious hay.

When obliged to make hay in rainy, catching weather, there is, probably, no way to prevent some deterioration. It seems necessary to dry out the rain-water with the sunshine and air and some of the volatile oils that impart the aroma to the hay will be carried off by the evaporating water. There may not be much positive nutrition in those oils, but they make the hay more palatable and thus promote digestion. If hay is put in cock while wet with rain water, thus parasitic spores called mold or mildew, will be pretty certain to develop, much to the detriment of the hay. Let us all join in wishing the farmer a clear sun and gentle breezes while making hay.

—American Rural Home.

## A NEW TREATMENT FOR SEA-SICKNESS.

In recent issues *Science* devotes a large space to the treatment of seasickness, and publishes a new plan for dealing with the most refractory of human ailments. The treatment is proposed by Dr. William James, of Harvard College, who suggests that seasickness may be alleviated by "blistering or otherwise counter irritating the skin around the ears." He has been led to make this suggestion by the discovery of the immunity from dizziness possessed by deaf mutes, which he attributes to the destruction of the auditory nerves or of their labyrinthine termination. Dr. James states that in crossing the English Channel he thought he prevented an attack of seasickness in himself by rubbing with his fingers the mastoid processes, situate on the lower and hinder part of the cranium.

This treatment is in keeping with the most plausible theories of seasickness, which make it the result of a series of shocks—caused by the vessel's motions—to the cerebro-spinal system. Eminent physicians who have studied the malady recommend nerve sedatives, with a hearty meal taken about two hours before sailing, and a recumbent position when the vessel is ready to sail. Dr. E. M. Gallaudet, who is an expert in the treatment of deaf mutes, writes to *Science* that it is his opinion that there is ground for Dr. James' statement, if care be taken, not to say that a deaf mute cannot be made seaisick. And he thinks seasickness would be much bearable if one would keep his berth at the first approach of bad weather, eating moderately, and not rising until the processes of digestion and assimilation have had time to be quite fully completed, after at least two or three months.

No sure preventive, however, has ever been brought to light, and if Dr. James has hit upon one he will be the recipient of thanks and honors untold. He requests all who cross the ocean this summer to bear in mind his suggestion, and, if they test it report to him the result of the experiment. His treatment is certainly worth trying.

## Lord Tennyson's Successor.

The appointment of the poet laureate is wholly in the hands of the sovereign. The poet laureate is, in fact, an officer of the royal household as much as the lord steward or the gold stick-in-waiting, and his official salary of £200 per annum to be paid out of the civil list. The poet laureateship, moreover, is held for life, and it is to be hoped that there will be no need to choose another for many years to come. When the time arrives, however, the fact that Mr. Lewis Morris has just been chosen to act, so to speak, as deputy poet laureate will doubtless be urged in his favor. The story goes that Lord Tennyson was so chagrined at the reception accorded to his jubilee ode—his "Carmen Seculare" as he called it—that he refused with unusual peremptoriness to try a second, having special reference to the Imperial Institute. It was in consequence of this refusal that the Prince of Wales suggested the name of the author of the "Elixir of Hades" to his royal mother, and it need scarcely be said that Mr. Morris—who must not, by the way, be confounded with that other poet Morris, who wrote "The Earthly Paradise"—is doing his very utmost to turn his royal commission to good account.

## BISHOP NEEDHAM AND DR. MCGLYNN.

BISHOP NEEDHAM, of Ogdensburg, who recently returned from a visit to Rome, is reported as having said in an interview on his arrival concerning Dr. McGlynn:—

"If Dr. McGlynn should go to Rome he would be received kindly. You see the Pope has no option in this matter. Dr. McGlynn has disobeyed the ecclesiastical laws governing the Catholic Church, and the Pope has no alternative but to enforce them. What would be the result should a precedent for a violation of the apostolic law be established? There is no feeling against Dr. McGlynn, nor do I think any feeling against the cause he is upholding. But his conduct cannot be judged on the merits or demerits of his views, but according to the apostolic law."

ELECTION FRAUDS.—Certainly the "world do move." Six judges and clerks of elections in Baltimore have just been sent to prison for two years for election frauds. It is said that a free and fair election has been unknown in Baltimore for many years. The politicians had control not only of the election machinery, but also to a large extent of the judicial machinery, and felt perfectly secure. Bribery open and shameless, intimidation, ballot-box stuffing, and false counting had come to be the concomitants of every election.

An industrial school for boys is proposed at Chicago, by Mrs. Celia Wallace, a rich woman. She wants an incorporation, with a capital of \$500,000, and a large public support. The idea is to have the institution both a home and a school, and besides, the dormitories and workshop, there will be a military drill room and a schoolhouse, where the rudiments of an education can be acquired while the boy is learning a trade.

## M. &amp; J. TOBIN.

FOR SALE.

## Scythes! Scythes!

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

## SCYTHES.

Snaiths, Hay-Rakes and Forks.  
Round, Square and Norway Stones,  
Hooks, &c., and everything requisite for the mowing season in stock, and selling at the lowest cash prices.

170 and 171 Duckworth-street (Beach).  
jy25 M. & J. TOBIN.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

## To Anglers!

HAVE NOW IN STOCK (PRESENT season's importation) over 30 Gross Special Trout Flies, which I am prepared to sell at 25 cts., 30 cts., and 40 cts. per dozen.

The best-made Salmon Flies, with names, at 40 cts. each—over 20 varieties; good Salmon Flies at 25 cts., to 30 cts. each.

Minnnows and other Artificial Baits; Rods—all kinds—and every requisite for anglers at a reduction of 20 per cent. under regular prices.

Flies mailed to outposts, postage paid at the prices, for cash orders.

The above rates will only stand for two weeks.

J. F. Chisholm.

july23

## Notice to Mariners

## The New Fog Horn,

(OFF GALLANTRY)

now located North of Hunter's Island (De aux Chasseurs), at a distance of about 50 yards from the Shore, will play from the 1st of March next, every time FOG AND SNOW will make it necessary.

The Sound will last for Six Seconds, with an interval of One Minute between each blast.

February 2nd, 1887, U.

## THE TEACHERS' REST

at this season is well earned, and should not be disturbed. It cannot, however, be annoying, in a leisurely way, to think and plan what

## MUSIC BOOKS

from the inexhaustible supply described in DITSON & CO.'S catalogues, it will be well to use in the next musical campaign.

Any book mailed for retail price.

**Sunday School Teachers** will soon be able to examine our new and beautiful Sunday School Song Book, the *Children's Diadem* (35 cts.), by Abbey & Munger, and the newly arranged and valuable *New Spiritual Songs* (35 cts.) by Tenney & Hoffman.

**School Teachers** will be pleased to look at our new *Royal Singer* (60 cents), for Adult Singing Classes and High Schools. Also, the *Song Greeting* (60 cts.), for High Schools (a great favorite); and the delightful little *Primary School Song Book, Gems for Little Singers*, 30 cents.

**Music Teachers** "on the wing," are invited to alight and examine the superb stock of Instruction Books and Collections of Vocal and Instrumental music for teaching purposes, at stores of

OLIVER DITSON & Co., 449 & 451 Wash.-st., Boston.  
C. H. DITSON & Co., 867 Broadway, N.Y.

J. E. DITSON & Co., 1238 Chestnut-st., Phil.  
LYON & HEALY, Chicago. jy7

## JUST RECEIVED.

## Ladies' Summer Braided Jerseys.

(coloured and black, in all the newest styles.)

Child's Jersey Suits and Costumes, in all the leading colors.

A large variety of Cream and Beige Lace-Trimmed Parasols.

A splendid assortment of  
Ladies', Gents' & Child's

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

For summer wear.

jy11,t,h&s JOHN STEER.

## TEA! - TEA!

Just received per steamer *Caspian* from London.

## SHIPMENT TEAS,

(specially selected).

Selling Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN J. O'REILLY,  
may23 290 Water-street, 43 & 45 King's road.

## ON SALE BY

## T. &amp; J. GRACE

360 Water Street,

## Choice Flour!

CROWN AND OTHER BRANDS.

june14

129, Water Street. 129.

## WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED:

Cream Sateens, Flannellette,  
Beaded Grenadine, Tinsel Squares  
Ladies' Straw Hats—assorted colors  
Girls' Straw Hats—assorted colors  
Boys' Straw Hats—assorted colors  
Ladies' Chip Hats, Mantle Bordering  
Gossamer, Boys' Tweed Suits—from 10s  
Men's Tweed Suits—from 25s  
Children's Frilled Collars, Biaga Lace—lawn, &c  
Oatmeal Cloth, Plush, Gilt Dress Buttons.

jy19

R. HARVEY.

## A. P. Jordan,

Has just received, at his Stores, 187 &amp; 180 Water-street,

## A few Packages of Fearman's Hams.

A FEW PACKAGES FEARMAN'S ROLLS.

A FEW PACKAGES FEARMAN'S BACON.

Special reductions to parties providing for the Jubilee Races.

BISCUITS—viz.: Brighton, Mixed Currant Tops, Windsor, Coffee, Lemon, Tea, Sugar, Boston, Butter, Soda, Boston Pilot, Hard-soft Pilot, 2 and 4-lb Cakes—fruit and plain.

Also, great reduction in Cigars, of all prices; Pickles, Sauces and Canned Goods of all kinds Marrowfat, Beans, Green Soup Peas, Pearl Barley; 2 lb bottles assorted Sweets, 1s. 6d. per bottle, One-lb tins assorted Jams, 8s. 6d. per doz.; and would call attention to the stock of Soaps:

Toilet Soaps, from 10d. per 1 dozen cakes, up to 8s 8d; Scotch Soap, 5-lb bars, 2s per bar, 12 bars in box, 20s; Scotch Soap, 4-lb bars, 1s 8d per bar, 16-lbs in box, 24s; Royal, Crown and Myrtle, in 30 bar boxes, 2s; Colgate, 100 cakes; Dingman's Famous Electric, 5d per cake, for washing clothes without labor. A full stock of New Teas all prices; Provisions of all kinds.

American Oil Clothes, Tower's Patent Singles—double-front patched-seat in Pants; Jackets, doubled to middle of back. Ships Stores supplied.

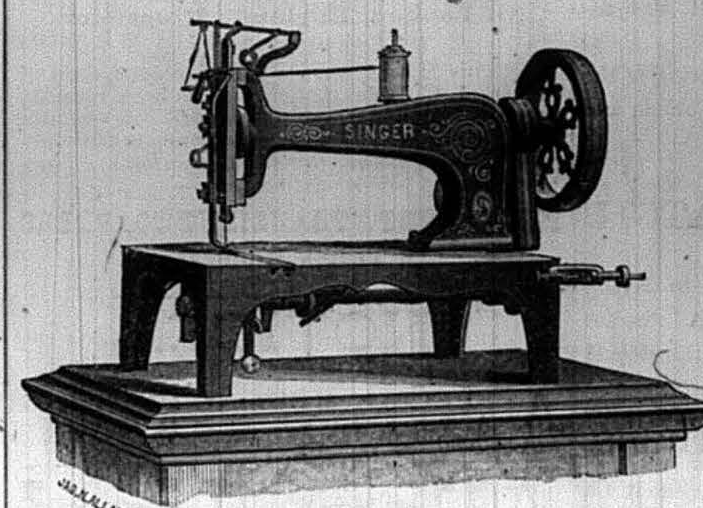
july13

## Prices! - Jubilee - Prices!

## Genuine Singer Sewing Machine!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

## Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Imitations.



TO SUIT THE Bad Times, we have reduced the price of all our sewing machines. We call the attention of Tailors and Shoemakers to our Singer No. 2, that we can now sell at a very low figure; in fact, the prices of all our Genuine Singers, now, will surprise you. We warrant every machine for over five years.

The Genuine Singer is doing the work of Newfoundland. No one can do with it a Singer.

1st. Uses the shortest needle of any lock-stitch machine.  
2nd—Carries a finer needle with given size thread  
3d. Uses a greater number of sizes of thread with one size needle.  
4th. Will close a seam tighter with thread linen than any other machine will with silk.

Old machines taken in exchange. Machines on easy monthly payments.

M. F. SYMTH, Agent for Newfoundland.

Sub-Agents: RICH'D. J. McGRATH, Littlebay; JOHN HARTERY, Hr. Grace; JOHN T. DUNPHY, Placentia.

## The Nfld. Consolidated Foundry Co., Limited,

Beg to acquaint the public that they have now on hand, a variety of

## Patterns for Grave and Garden Railings and for Crestings of Houses, &amp;c.

AND WOULD INVITE INSPECTION OF SAME.

All Orders left with us for either of the above will have our immediate attention.

june6

JAMES ANGEL, Manager.

## London and Provincial

## Fire Insurance Company,

LIMITED.

All classes of Property Insured on equitable terms.  
Prompt settlement of Losses.

M. MONROE.

ap.10.

Agent for Newfoundland.

## AT N. OHMAN'S,

(Atlantic Hotel Building, Water Street.)

TABLE SPOONS & FORKS, DESERT SPOONS and Forks, Teaspoons of the finest White Metal—at reduced prices.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND TIME-PIECES, Engagement & Wedding Rings, Chains, Lockets, Brooches & Ear-rings, Studs and Scarf Pins, &c., &c.

GET YOUR WATCHES AND JEWELRY repaired and renovated at N. Ohman's, Atlantic Hotel Building.

may6,eod

## Marvellous - - Bargains!

## LACE CURTAINS

—TO BE HAD AT—

## W. R. FIRTH'S.

300 pairs Long Lace Curtains (double border)—at 1/11 per pair, worth 3/300 pairs Long Lace Curtains (double border)—at 3/6 per pair, worth 5/200 pairs Long Lace Curtains (double border)—at 5/11 per pair, worth 8/6100 pairs Long Lace Curtains (double border)—at 8/6 per pair, worth 12/9100 pairs Assorted High-class Curtains—at various prices.

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12,000 pieces Newest Patterns Room Papers and Borderings.

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may20



## Little Brian's Trip To Dublin

III.

(continued.)

"Who? Why, how can you ask, Bridget?" cried the girl, excitedly. "It is my darling Gerald, of course. Why, I was sure you would know him directly. He has come home at last, as I always told you he would. But oh, how dirty and wretched he looks!"

"Yes, dear, so he does," said Bridget, soothingly; "and if you will lie down and rest now, I will take him away, and wash him and change his dress. Poor boy, he must have come a long way, he looks so weary and tired."

"Yes," said the child, "I have come all the way from Wicklow. But, please, my name is not Gerald—it's Brian."

"Oh, just listen to him, Bridget!" cried Laura. "The poor darling has forgotten his own name. And only think of him being in Wicklow all this time—away from those who love him. Oh, it is too horrible!"

And she clasped the boy to her heart and kissed him long and passionately. "Well now that we have found him we must make him comfortable, Miss," said Bridget. "I'll take him away, and give him a bath, and change his clothes. But, whilst I do this, you must rest. Come, now, to your room;" and she drew the girl's arm gently within her own.

"Very well, Bridget. But you must bring him to me as soon as he is dressed. For oh, how I have longed for him all these weary months!"

"Yes, dear, of course you have; and you shall see him very soon again, I promise you."

And then they went away together, and Brian and Toby were left alone upon the stairs.

"What does it all mean, doggie dear," whispered the boy. "Sure, if the hall-doo rwasn't so big, an' the chain they've put up so heavy, we might run off with ourselves and, an' leave these ladies to themselves. For sure I feel strange an' queer in this great house," and he gazed about him in bewilderment.

But very soon Bridget re-appeared; and, taking him by the hand, she led him up another flight of stairs, down a long passage, into a large, well-lighted room.

"And now," she said, turning him round, and looking him sharply up and down. "I hope you are going to be a good boy, and do everything that you are told."

"Yes," said Brian timidly, whilst his blue eyes filled with tears. "Mother taught me to be good; an' sure I try to do what she teaches me. But, please will you tell me why I am here, an' why the pretty lady kissed me an' cried so much?"

"Yes, I will tell you. You are a good child I think, and since Miss Laura has brought you into the house we must keep you here for a time anyway. But you must promise to do exactly as you are told."

"Yes, I'll promise that," said Brian. "But why did Miss Laura bring me in? I'm only a poor boy an' sure—"

"Yes, yes; but listen and I'll tell you all about it," replied Bridget, sighing. "Two years ago, that dear young lady had a brother about your age and height. Their mother was dead, and and Miss Laura loved the boy—oh, so dearly. One night she and her father went to the theatre, and whilst they were away the house they lived in caught fire. Her little brother was in bed and asleep, and he was burnt to death. As my dear child came from the play she saw her home in flames. For an instant she gazed in horror at the burning house; then, calling wildly for her darling Gerald, fell back in a death-like swoon. Her father brought her home here, to her grandmother's house, and did all he could to make her forget that terrible night. But she could enjoy nothing—think of nothing but her little brother. That he is dead, she will never believe, and is always expecting him to back to her. She is kind and gentle to every one about her, but would hate any person who dared to say Gerald was dead. To-day she was more restless than usual; she wandered up and down the stairs—refused to eat—and then, to-night, when no one was watching, she slipped out of the hall-door. There she found you asleep. She is so happy, and fully persuaded that you are little Gerald. And at the thoughts of the young girl's sad condition, Bridget burst into tears."

Select Story.

## Wedded and Doomed!

By author of "Set in Diamonds."

PROLOGUE.

The sight of a bright, laughing young face, looking out from the broken arch of a ruined window—the window covered with the ivy of a hundred years growth—the face, as fair as youth and health could make it, would startle anyone. It startled Nigel Fielden, who had been sent down to the ruins of Ulsdale Castle, to sketch the arches of the once great windows, which Lord Estmere wished to reproduce in another building. He had been at Ulsdale for six whole days, and had seen no one except the old housekeeper, and a pretty young maid-servant, he had heard nothing but the songs of a thousand bright-eyed birds coming from the clusters of ivy that cling round the grand old towers and battlements, now he heard a sweet voice singing blithely and carelessly as any happy bird in the ivy-clad towers; he stood still to listen; the words were those of the old-fashioned, beautiful song:

JOCK O'HAZELDEAN.

"Why weep ye by the tide, ladye?  
Why weep ye by the tide?  
Young Frank is chief of Errington,  
And ye shall be his bride;  
Ye shall be his bride, ladye,  
So comely to be seen,  
But ah—she let the tears downfa'  
For Jock o'Hazeldean."

It seemed to the listener as though the birds paused in their flight to listen, and the butterflies poised lightly on their wings. The voice was so sweet and clear, quite untrained, full and free as that of a wild bird, yet every note vibrated with what, for want of a better word, we call "soul." It was so sympathetic that it brought the whole picture before the listener. The lady seated on the lone sea shore watching the tide roll in while she wept salt tears. What was the chief of Errington to her, when she loved "Jock o'Hazeldean?" The next words he heard were;

"The lady was not seen,  
She's o'er the border, and awa'  
Wi' Jock o'Hazeldean."

Then came the ripple of a sweet, sunny laugh, and all was still.

"It must be the ghost of one of the Ladies Estmere," the listener said to himself. His wonder grew. He was standing on a grassy knoll half hidden by tall waving ferns; she was seated in the broken arch of what once had been the great western window of an old church. The crumbling stones were covered with ivy—scarlet creepers hung down to the grass—great groups of golden brown gillyflowers grew in the clefts—the meadow-sweet grew tall and strong—from out the tangled framework of ivy and flower the beautiful fair head stood in bold relief; a head such as one sees in the famous pictures of Greuze—the golden hair, with a natural ripple in it; the broad, low, white brow, blue eyes all sunshine and laughter, yet to a keen observer with something of weariness in their bright depths; a lovely mouth, a skin all lilies and roses, a young face on which, up to the present hour, neither time nor experience had written one line.

Quite suddenly, as she gazed listlessly from the ruined window, she saw the stranger who had listened to her song; his eyes met hers; he raised his hat; then, as though some irresistible force drew him toward her, he left the grassy knoll where the ferns grew and walked to the window.

So fate draws us as with finger of straw. If Lynette Estmere had not sung of "Jock o'Hazeldean" that lovely June morning, this story would never have been written. Nigel Fielden looked up at the beautiful broken arch, then at the fresh young face formed by it; he took of his hat and stood bare-headed while he spoke to her.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "I have been at work among these ruins so many days and so entirely alone that the sound of your voice startled me."

A crimson flush covered the fresh young face.

"I did not know that anyone was here," said the girl. "I have lived at Ulsdale six years, and you are the first stranger I have seen."

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(to be continued.)

**J. M. LYNCH,**  
Auctioneer - and - Commission - Agent,  
BECK'S COVE.

**St. Michael's Bazaar.**

**THE BAZAAR IN AID OF SAINT**  
Michael's Orphanage, will be held in November next, the exact date of which has not yet been determined. Ladies who have kindly consented to be table-holders, and their assistants, will accept this intimation and make the necessary preparation.

**Butter! - Butter!**

Just received, per ss *Greetlands* from Montreal,  
**CANADIAN BUTTER,**  
A very choice article—wholesale and retail.

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**A BAZAAR OR SALE OF GOODS**  
will take place at Little Bay in JULY next, the object being to liquidate an old debt and realize a sufficient sum to make some church improvements. The undersigned, therefore, appeal to the generosity of their many friends in St. John's and Conception Bay for contributions:—  
Mrs. D. Courtney, Mrs. E. Dunphy, Mrs. W. Grant, Mrs. J. Finlay, Mrs. W. Foley.  
mar 30, S. O'FLYNN, P.P.

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**COLGATE'S SOAP—8-oz. bars, 100 in each box.**  
Colgate's Soap, 16-oz. bars—60 bars in each box  
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Ivory Soap, 8-oz bars, 100 each box  
Scotch Soap, 4-cwt boxes  
Honey Scented Soap, 4lb boxes, 4-oz tablets  
Glycerine Scented Soap, 4-lb bxs, 4-oz tablets  
Brown Windsor Scented Soap, 4-lb box, 4-oz tab.  
Assorted Fancy Scented Soap, 4-lb bxs, 4-oz tab.  
Assorted Fancy Scented Soap, 4-lb bxs, 2-oz tab  
F. S. Cleaver's Scented Soap, 3 tablets in each box  
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CURES—Rheumatism, Diphtheria, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Ear-ache, Toothache, Cramps, Bruises, Sprains, Coughs, Colds, Quinsy, Erysipelas, Colic, Group, Hoarseness, Burns, Bronchitis, Numbness of Limbs, Contraction of Muscles, Piles, &c.

**C. C. RICHARDS & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS.**

**STILL ANOTHER!**

GENTS.—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is my great remedy for all ills; and I have lately used it successfully in curing a case of Bronchitis, and consider you are entitled to great praise for giving to mankind so wonderful a remedy.

**J. M. CAMPBELL,**  
Bay of Islands.

**Minard's Liniment is for sale everywhere.**

PRICE - 25 CENTS.  
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—CONSISTING OF—

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China Cups and Saucers, Plates, &c., &c.  
Mustache Cups and Saucers,  
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Correspondence and other matters relating to the Editorial Department will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

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**Insurance Company.**

[ESTABLISHED A. D., 1809]

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I.—CAPITAL  
Authorized Capital.....£3,000,000  
Subscribed Capital.....2,000,000  
Paid-up Capital.....500,000

II.—FIRE FUND.  
Reserve.....£54,576 19 11  
Premium Reserve.....362,188 18 3  
Balance of profit and loss ac't.....67,895 12 6

III.—LIFE FUND.  
Accumulated Fund (Life Branch).....£3,274,835 19 1  
Do. Fund (Annuity Branch).....473,147 3 2

£3,747,983 2 3

REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1882.  
FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.  
Net Life Premiums and Interest.....£469,075 5 3  
Annuity Premiums (including £108,992 2 4 by single payment) and interest.....124,717 7 11

£593,792 13 4

FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.  
Net Fire Premiums and Interest.....£1,157,073 14 0

£1,750,866 7 4

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**TRIMMINGS, AIGRETTES, WINGS, & A VARIETY FANCY GOODS**

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**A Few London-made Hats and Bonnets.**

250 Ladies Black and Colored T. Pe Hats—at 1s 9d & 2s each; worth 3s and 4s.

Dress-making will receive our best attention. The nearest Millinery Store to the Railway Depot

Persons coming to town by train would do well to give us a call.

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**The Mutual Life Insurance Co.'y,**

OF NEW YORK. — ESTABLISHED 1843.

Assets, January 1st, 1887 . . . . . \$114,181,963

Cash Income for 1886 . . . . . \$21,137,176

Insurance in force about . . . . . \$400,000,000

Policies in force about . . . . . \$130,000

The Mutual Life is the Largest Life Company, and the Strongest Financial Institution in the World.

No other Company has paid such LARGE DIVIDENDS to its Policy-holders; and no other Company issues so PLAIN and so COMPREHENSIVE A POLICY.

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**A. S. RENDELL,**

Agent, Newfoundland

feb 12, 3m, 2iv



## Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1887.

## LETTER

From the Bishop of St. John's to the Reverend Guardian of St. Thomas's Home, Villa Nova, Topsail.

MY DEAR FATHER MORRIS,—

Your first copy of the "Orphan's Friend," for 1887, has just reached me, and I hasten to congratulate you on the great success which has attended your labors hitherto in connection with the "Messenger to the Charitable." The present "Papal Jubilee Number" is a very *multum in parvo*. It breathes a lofty spirit of devotion to the interests of the lowliest of Christ's members, and an humble homage towards the reigning Pontiff, who, in his august person, unites the learning, holiness, and rare diplomatic skill of the most gifted successors of St. Peter.

The moral and politico-ecclesiastical triumphs of Leo XIII will form a brilliant portion of the history of Christendom during the closing period of this luminous century. The sanctity of his daily life, the magnificent encyclicals with which His Holiness has enriched philosophical studies, the gentle suavity of his courtly manner, the winning sweetness of his smile as he blesses works of charity and benevolence, with a hundred other claims to personal regard, place him on a high eminence in the list of the most vigorous and most polished sovereigns of Papal Rome. Hence, I trust that not only will the members of our Communion gladly purchase many copies of this number of the "Orphan's Friend"; but I anticipate a generous support from the enlightened of all denominations whose zeal in the cause of the fatherless and the forsaken, merits our highest praise. And here I would join with you in earnest acknowledgments to so many of these kind friends whose noble liberality has so often encouraged your efforts in preparing a refuge for the impoverished little ones of Terra Nova. Nor should we be unmindful of the gracious aid so frequently extended to the Orphanage by the talented and accomplished ladies and gentlemen who place their gifts at the shrine of charity, and thus merit the eulogy of angels and men. That an abundant reward may crown all such benevolence ought to be the daily prayer of the orphans and their friends.

Your presentation picture of the illustrious Leo is excellent, and is worth the modest sum you charge for the entire letter press. I shall feel a special joy in placing this Jubilee Number of the "Orphan's Friend" before the Holy Father and in petitioning for a particular blessing for all the subscribers and solicitors in connection with the periodical, and for the supporters of the Villa Nova Orphanage.

Knowing, as I do, the disinterestedness of your labors in the service of the homeless boys of Newfoundland, and recognizing the protection of Providence in your success, I anticipate a glorious future for St. Thomas's Home.

And wishing you every happiness, believe me, Yours, devoted in Christ,

† THOMAS JOSEPH POWER.  
July 25th, 1887.

## NEWS FROM ALICANTE

A gentleman in this city kindly given us the following synopsis of his correspondence, to June 23, relating to the imports of fish to Spain; and the quotations. It will be interesting to the trade and the community generally, at the present time:—

"Total importations during the last two seasons have been as follows:—

	1886-87	1885-86
	Qtls.	Qtls.
Labrador.....	39,262	57,166
Shore.....	37,875	39,550
Large and medium Bank...	2,664	.....
Large and medium Madeira.	7,300	.....
French, direct from Nfld.	3,800	.....
French, direct from Bordeaux	5,126	3,300
Norwegian.....	26,920	13,900

Total 122,947 113,916

This shows that there has been a decrease in importation of British Newfoundland cure of Qtls. 9,600 and increase of Qtls. 13,000 Norwegian, and of Qtls. 5,600 French, as compared with the previous season. A very notable change is the diminished quantity of Labrador, nearly Qtls. 18,000 less than previous season, while Shore, Bank and Madeira combined, show an increase of over Qtls. 8,000. Value of shore fish has ranged from about 18s. to 19s. 6d., but many sales of cargoes of this resulted nominally owing to the fish turning our large mixtures of Bank and Madeira qualities, and heavy abatements had to be conceded. Those cargoes which, arrived with these different qualities of fish duly separated and classified could be sold according to classes, avoiding disputes, but when Shore, Bank and Madeira fish resulted in being mixed together, the difficulties in deliveries were interminable. Complaints as to mixed qualities in cargoes of shore fish appear to have been general in nearly all markets, and to avoid this, attention should be paid to separating and fairly classing the different qualities, so that sales may be made

with the expectation that qualities will turn out as described.

Labrador opened about 14s. 6d., fell to 13s., and later, as scarcity became felt, rose finally to about 15s. 6d. Large and medium Bank fish may be said to have ruled about the same price as last sales of Labrador. Madeira remitted from about 12s. to 15s. Cargo per Zingra, consisted of Qtls. 2,800, French cure, but of this all but about Qtls. 200 were thrown into the sea as unfit to land and not worth duties.

New Norwegian fish has already arrived here by steamers; the catch of this is reported a fair average one, but not the excessive quantity of last season.

We trust the Newfoundland bait bill may finally result in an efficient measure to reduce the catch of French traders, so that the approaching season may be the last during which British cured fish will have to suffer such a heavy and unfair competition from the superabundant supply of bounty-fed French cure in European markets. It is calculated that importation of this French fish into Spain from Bordeaux alone reached Qtls. 180,000 during season now ended."

## The Relations of Athletics to Health.

V.

There is also a class of boys called "muffs," who neither work nor play, and who, later on, join the army of "loafers" who have neither the pluck, self-control, or endurance, to take part in a manly game. About all they can do is to "chatter, and bleat, and bore," tho' generally they go from bad to worse, as years come upon them. Such a type as this should, if possible, be stamped out. I do not for one moment contend that those who play well always work well; but I do contend that work and play are perfectly compatible. You will often see a boy mentally very slow, but excelling physically, scrape thro' his examinations somehow or other by the skin of his teeth, and be subsequently found every whit as good a public servant, soldier, clergyman, or member of other professions, as he who did wonders at school and college. How is it we hear so little, in after life, of those human comets known as senior wranglers? They flash before us a moment and then are gone. On the contrary, how many of our bishops, statesmen and lawyers, have been celebrated oars or bats? I am proud to think that the Bishop of Newfoundland was once able to hold his own as either a cricketer or a rower, and I venture to suggest that the experiences which he gained in those exercises have helped him greatly in gaining that insight into human nature which he possesses in so marked a degree. Don't curtail the amount of out-door exercise and recreation which the boys get, but rather seize upon the time when idle talk, rather than work of any kind is going on; make the boys work heartily during work hours; see that they play thoroughly during play hours; above all, kindly encourage those who dislike play to take a part in it, so that their bodies may be equal to the strain which later their minds will put upon them. But, so far, I have spoken merely of games. I would for a moment glance at gymnastics and the gymnasium. Young lads do not need a well-equipped gymnasium; parallel bars; the giant stride and the vaulting horse are almost all they require. The gymnasium requires an efficient instructor, whose guidance would be irksome to the youngsters; he is all very well later on, but at this period let the boys have as much freedom in their names as possible. There are, however, certain gymnastics which I would advocate, and these are generally taught by the drill instructor, such as the extension exercise and elementary drill; but they should not be continued for more than half-an-hour daily, and should be graduated to suit the power and health of the boys. Above all, I would strongly urge that all exercises should be carried out in the open air when weather permits.

A high authority has stated that a fair division of the twenty-four hours for young boys is: ten hours for rest; seven for work, and seven for play, and in this I most heartily concur. Corporal punishment hardly comes within the range of my subject, but in this connection I cannot refrain from quoting a sentence found in one of the Latin exercise books:—"Do you find fault with yourself as often as you inflict a punishment on any one else?" Mere physical exercise and recreation carried out on the lines which I have indicated, not only would the intellectual standard not be lowered, but the quality of the brain work would be improved. There would be fewer cases of over-pressure between the ages of nine and fourteen, such as are constantly seen in London schools, and less frequently here, and more of the healthy, vigorous specimens who exhibit a "healthy mind in a healthy body," and are a credit and source of pride to those who have educated them.

From the private school the boy generally enters the wider sphere of a public school, where he has more freedom, a wider range of subjects to study, and a larger selection of past-times, but with all this, his earlier habits must exercise a considerable influence upon him. He is now more his own master, and can largely choose whether he will play or not. Certainly many public

schools have rules compelling a boy to take part in whatever game may be in force, according to the season, but this, I believe, to be of little use, as he can always turn "skulker," and though in the thick of the game, be doing nothing at all excepting, perhaps, catching cold; on the contrary, if the boy have a healthy mind, backed up by a sound body, he will enter keenly into all sports, and delight in them. If he be conscientious, his work will not suffer in consequence. The health given by the exercise, will keep the brain clear and allow it to do its work thoroughly and well. It is only the boy who has learned self-control and judgment from experience, who can take part in the inter-scholastic and other contests, and I feel sure that there is not a parent in this country who does not take pride in hearing that his son is holding his own in other countries in such contests.

And now the age of play quickly draws to a close, and the boy becomes a man, about to enter into a life of work. At this stage is there any one who would not rather see his son with the springy-step, broad-chest and well-knit figure of healthy manhood, ready and eager to enter into the battle of life, than with the pallid cheek, narrow shoulders and bent body of the student. Suppose for one moment the latter is endowed with exceptional ability, and the former with only an average intellect, which is the more likely to succeed in the end. I think each one of you would cast your vote for the one with health at his back. Month by month his frame becomes more and more set. True it is that he gradually loses much of his old agility, but in place of it the muscles become firmer, the body stronger: in short, endurance takes the place of agility.

## "The Song of the Shirt."

Many kind-hearted pleasure-seekers, who subscribe freely and generously towards Regattas, Sunday-school and Christian Doctrine picnics, and who delight in seeing young people enjoy themselves, are aware that there are some eighty or ninety little boys at Villa Nova, unable to partake in these or any other innocent amusements for want of that homely, but indispensable article of apparel—a shirt. Many a fair lady has bothered her brain over what she shall wear at the next ball, and many, very many have exclaimed in the words of the song—"I have 'nothing to wear,'" but few, we opine, have been compelled to stay away from a ball for want of a skirt. Nevertheless this want is felt by the little ones at Villa Nova and to supply it is the object of Thursday night's concert. Some ladies having visited Villa Nova last week, and having seen how poorly provided with clothing the orphans then were, resolved to do something to raise the necessary funds, and appealed to their friends to assist the good work by giving a concert. This appeal has been responded to with the alacrity which characterises the ladies and gentlemen of this city who are blessed with musical talents. Hurried as the preparations have been, the concert on Thursday next, we prophesy, will be one of the best ever given. The best musical talent will be brought into requisition. The ladies and gentlemen who have so often delighted the concert-going public of St. John's will be there in strong force, and many young and sweet voices will make their debut for the first time. Messrs. Geo. Shea and Flannery will lead off for the male portion of the performers with new songs composed for the occasion, and the "encores" which these gentlemen are practicing, will, in themselves, be worth the money. The ladies—what shall be said about them? Well, first and foremost, there will be Miss Fisher, a lady who from her arrival in Newfoundland, up to the present moment, has been first and foremost in aid of every charitable work where her magnificent voice and superb histrionic talents have won for her the well-earned reputation of being one of the best and certainly the sweetest singers the concert-going public of Newfoundland have ever heard. There will also be Mrs. O'Dwyer, Mrs. D. J. Greene, Misses Shea, Murphy, Jordan, Viguers and other young ladies of well-known vocal ability. And if that is not sufficient guarantee as to the treat that is in store for us on Thursday night, all we have to say is: "You'll go further and fare worse. All that is wanted is a full house, and that, we are sure, will be forthcoming. Remember that by going and thoroughly enjoying yourself, you will be doing a great charity. And like Hood's pathetic poem, with its refrain of "Stitch, stitch," we hope that the songs of Thursday night may reach the rich, as we sing "The song of the shirt."—Com.

The steamer Curlew arrived from the westward this morning. She reports the fishery outlook at the far western ports since last trip more favorable. At St. Lawrence boats were getting two and three Qtls. daily; at Rose Blanche one to two Qtls. From Trepassy to Renewers prospects were good, as our telegraphic column have already apprized our readers.

The schooner Ann, belonging to Messrs. Alan Goodridge & Sons, arrived this morning at Renewers from the Banks with seventy quintals of fish, the result of two days fishing. The schooner has only a crew of seven men.

## Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

## Letter From a Fisherman

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

PETITES, July 24th, 1887.

DEAR SIR,—Nothing of consequence has transpired since my last; and as regards the fishery prospects, there is nothing encouraging at present. Times here, with some, are as poor as can be; and unless there is a great improvement in the fishery, I see nothing before the people but starvation. There are many hard-working and industrious men who would only be glad if they could get any kind of work outside the fishery; but what is the use of that? If they do not go fishing, there is nothing else for them to do. Many, after toiling from sunrise to sunset during the past fortnight, have had, as the fruits of their labor, from thirty to sixty pounds, and a hundred weight of fish. Is not that enough to discourage any man? I have known men with a family of six or seven, during the past week, to get, some days, only about twenty or thirty pounds of fish, which, though a small amount, must be immediately bartered for a few quarts of molasses. I know of a fisherman who has been dealing with a certain business firm here for more than ten years, and during that time some years he has sold so much as 150 quintals of fish. A few days ago he had no flour, and went to the firm to get a few pounds until the next day he went fishing, and he was refused. I do not think that that firm, though the fishery is poor, suffer much, as they give no credit during summer, and when fall and winter comes why it is—put their dealers on the government. And if they get a little fish it is to be bartered immediately. It seems to be a good thing for that firm that people are compelled to go on government in winter, as they give out all government relief and, I suppose, get the hard cash from the government. Many families have left this and gone to Cape Breton, where we hear they are doing well. Many more will go as soon as they can make it convenient, where I trust they will do better. Then, I suppose, the firm which now oppresses the poor fishermen so much, will retire to their own country with a good amount of profits made off of the toilers of the sea.

FISHERMAN.

## WELL SALARIED MEN.

The best paid minister in New York is Dr. John Hall, a brainy man from the north of Ireland, who preaches to \$200,000,000 every Sunday, says the Boston Record correspondent. His is the smallest church in town. He owes his rise in life to Robert Bonner of the Ledger, who found him preaching to a small congregation in Dublin and induced him to come to America. He gets a salary of \$20,000 a year and makes \$5,000 by his newspaper and magazine articles. He is given a luxuriantly furnished house as well. Dr. Morgan Dix, the chief pastor of Trinity Church Corporation, the wealthiest in America, receives \$15,000 yearly. Dr. Wm. M. Layer of the Broadway Tabernacle gets the same amount. He does literary work and lecturing that brings his income up to \$20,000. Dr. Charles Hall of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church is paid \$15,000. He is very eloquent, and his church is crowded at all services. Dr. Parkhurst of Madison Square church gets \$12,000. He has a large and distinguished congregation. Cyrus W. Field is one of the pillars of the church. Dr. Paxton, who preaches to Jay Gould and others less wealthy, is paid \$15,000. Rev. Robert Collyer, the blacksmith preacher, is paid \$10,000.

Of the editors, Mr. Stone of the Journal of Commerce is paid \$20,000. He is the president of the Associated Press, immensely wealthy, lives in Brooklyn, and has a mania for choice flowers and plants; his collection is worth over \$250,000. Charles A. Dana, editor of the Sun, is paid \$15,000 salary, but he is also a large stock holder in the paper, and his income from this source is quite \$100,000. Whitelaw Reid, chief owner of the Tribune, pays himself \$12,000 yearly. He has been very fortunate in speculations and is said to be worth over \$1,000,000. His wife, a daughter of D. O. Mills, has a fortune of half that sum in her own name. Dr. George H. Hepworth, who was at one time a great pulpit orator, now chief of the Herald staff, is paid \$12,000 yearly by James Gordon Bennett. Julius Chambers, the managing editor of the same paper, receives \$10,000. Charles R. Miller, the real editor of the New York Times, gets \$10,000 a year. He has several assistants in editorial writing who gets from \$4,000 to \$7,000. John C. Ried, the managing editor of the paper, gets \$8,000, and Harold Frederic, the London correspondent, \$5,000. Col. John A. Corekrill, managing editor of the World, gets \$15,000 yearly. He also gets a small share of the profits of the paper, making in all \$20,000 yearly. George W. Turner, the publisher of the same paper, makes \$20,000 yearly. George William Curtis is paid \$10,000 yearly for editing Harper's Weekly. He does not do much work and for days at a time does not go near the office.

He lives in delightful ease in a great, big, roomy house on Staten Island. Novelist Howells is paid \$10,000 for his work on Harper's Magazine, and Charles Dudley Warner just half the sum for his humorous work on the same monthly. Richard Watson Gilder gets \$12,000 for editing the Century Magazine.

Of the physicians, Dr. Fordyce Barker probably makes the largest income. His reputation as a consulting physician stands very high. He is said to make from \$50,000 to \$60,000 each year. Dr. A. L. Loomis, a specialist on the throat and lung troubles, makes about \$50,000. Dr. J. T. Metcalf makes about the same amount. Dr. L. A. Sayre, the great surgeon who mended John L. Sullivan's broken arm, makes \$40,000. Dr. A. Jacques, who devotes himself entirely to the diseases of children, makes \$30,000. Dr. C. R. Agnew, who makes the eye a specialty, clears \$25,000 yearly. Dr. Geo. T. Shady, who attended Gen. Grant so faithfully, has an income of \$25,000. Dr. Herman Knapp, a specialist, receives about \$25,000.

The legal profession is very remunerative. Col. Bob Ingersoll and Roscoe Conkling are both said to make over \$100,000 a year. Joseph H. Choate makes considerably over that. So does Senator Evarts. There are hundreds of lawyers who make from \$25,000 to \$60,000 yearly. And the number who make from \$10,000 to \$25,000 would fill a column.

Jockey McLaughlin, who rides for the Dwyers, is paid \$10,000. He has the privilege of outside mounts, which means \$8,000 more. He gets in addition from \$5,000 to \$10,000 in gifts from owners of horses he has ridden successfully. Jockey Isaac Murphy gets \$10,000 and outside amounts. His income is fully \$25,000 a year.

## LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The steamer Corean arrived at Queenstown last night—all well.

The children of the Congregational church held their annual picnic at Bally Hally to-day.

The highest point attained by the thermometer during the last twenty-four hours was 70; the lowest 47.

The stmr. "Hercules" has been engaged for the lighthouse circuit, and will start in a day or two on her trip.

The Academia club will play a friendly cricket match with eleven of the members of the Total Abstinence Society to-morrow, at Quiddiivi.

The display of fireworks at the New Era Ground had again to be postponed last night. If weather permits it will come off to-night at the same hour. To-morrow night a challenge horse race will be run on the ground between Egan's and Finn's horses, "Polly" and "General Jackson," to commence at 7.30 sharp.

A large number of contraband seizures have been made up west since the customs-house officers from St. John's went there. So effective has the work been done that it has considerably crippled the trade of St. Pierre with the neighboring British settlements, which, to a large extent has been illicit. More revenue than ever before for a corresponding period, has been collected thus far this year to the westward.

To-morrow, Thursday, a cricket match will be played at Quiddiivi between picked teams from the Academia and Total Abstinence Clubs. The contest will be for a silver-mounted pistol—for the best bat on the winning side—and the championship of Newfoundland. It is stated that the winning team will proceed to Halifax to challenge the "Wanderers," after which they will travel through the lower provinces to carry victory in their gory wake. Tremble, oh gentlemen of the all England eleven, for our boys are going across the Atlantic, too. An immense crowd will witness the match to-morrow. Mr. Routledge was engaged to-day in erecting a triumphal arch, over the keystone of which will stand the hero of the field (if he be able to stand) after the match has been finished. Botanic and spruce beer will be the beverage on the occasion.

The steamer Peruvian arrived from Great Britain at 10.30 last night. She did not bring a large quantity of freight for here, and resumed her voyage at 10.30 this morning. The following were her passengers both ways:—

FROM LIVERPOOL.—Mrs. Langston, Mrs. Outerbridge, Mrs. Thornburn, Miss Harvey, Miss White, Mr. Robert Thornburn, Colonel Fawcett, Messrs. W. B. H. C. Robinson, C. E. Langton, G. T. Rendell, T. H. Waterman, J. E. Taylor, and 4 inbred. FOR HALIFAX.—Saloon—Master W. King, W. T. McLain, J. Warren, Y. E. Hamilton, John Vaincombe, Steerage—Ennie Cross, John Cross, Richard Cross, David Cross, Mary Ryan, Mrs. Catherine Greene, Bridget Dunphy, Mrs. M. McCarthy, Mrs. B. McCarthy, Mrs. A. Regan, Louis Gooby, Miss O'Neill, John Phelan, Miss Murphy, Miss Clothilda Taylor, Mr. Fortune, Mrs. Cotter, Miss Fanny Madding, Miss Mary Britt, Mrs. Dunn, Mrs. Willar, Miss Furness, John Farrell, Robert Malone, James Cramp, J. O'Neill, E. Pynn, Wm. Earls, Mrs. J. Furlong and child, Jas. Williams, P. Keefe, Mary Keefe, Ellen Keefe, Catherine Keefe, Johanna Keefe, Patrick Keefe, Matilda Lizard, Alice Duke, Miss M. Drake, Mrs. Stephenson, P. Kielly, W. Codner, Jas. Dodd, W. Allen, E. Sheehan, P. Power, W. Poole, E. Haley, T. Haley, John Coats, J. Deacon, Mrs. Flannigan, Mary Murray, Ellen Murray, John Greene, Mr. Jas. Coady, wife and 4 children, Miss A. Roche, Miss S. LeGrew, John Sullivan, Thos. Bradbury, W. Flemming, Miss Ida Jones, Miss Annie Dalton, John Keefe, Daniel Taylor, Elizabeth Cross.